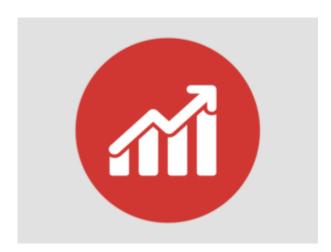
Hurricane Safety — Evacuation Stats and Facts



FACTS

- 1. **Delayed Evacuation:** Waiting too long to evacuate can result in being trapped by rising waters or impassable roads.
- 2. **Traffic Congestion:** Mass evacuations can lead to severe traffic jams, delaying escape and increasing stress.
- 3. **Shelter Overcrowding:** Insufficient shelter space can result in overcrowded conditions, potentially leading to health and safety concerns.
- 4. **Communication Breakdowns:** Overloaded networks can impede access to critical information and coordination during evacuations.
- 5. Limited Access for Vulnerable Populations: Individuals with disabilities, the elderly, or those without transportation may face challenges evacuating safely.

STATS

- The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) reports that storm surge is historically the leading cause of hurricane-related deaths in the United States.
- In 2021, the United States experienced 97 natural disasters, including hurricanes, highlighting the importance of effective evacuation planning.
- Historical data indicates that hurricanes can cause significant fatalities, with Hurricane Maria in 2017 resulting in 2,981 deaths, underscoring the critical need for effective evacuation strategies.
- In 2022, there were 15 catastrophic weather events, including hurricanes, resulting in \$3.4 billion in insured losses, mainly due to water-related damages.
- The Canadian Disaster Database contains detailed information on over 1,000 natural and man-made disasters since 1900, including hurricanes that have directly affected Canadians.
- On average, Canada experiences about six hurricanes annually, with regions such as Nova Scotia, Newfoundland and Labrador, and Québec being the most affected.